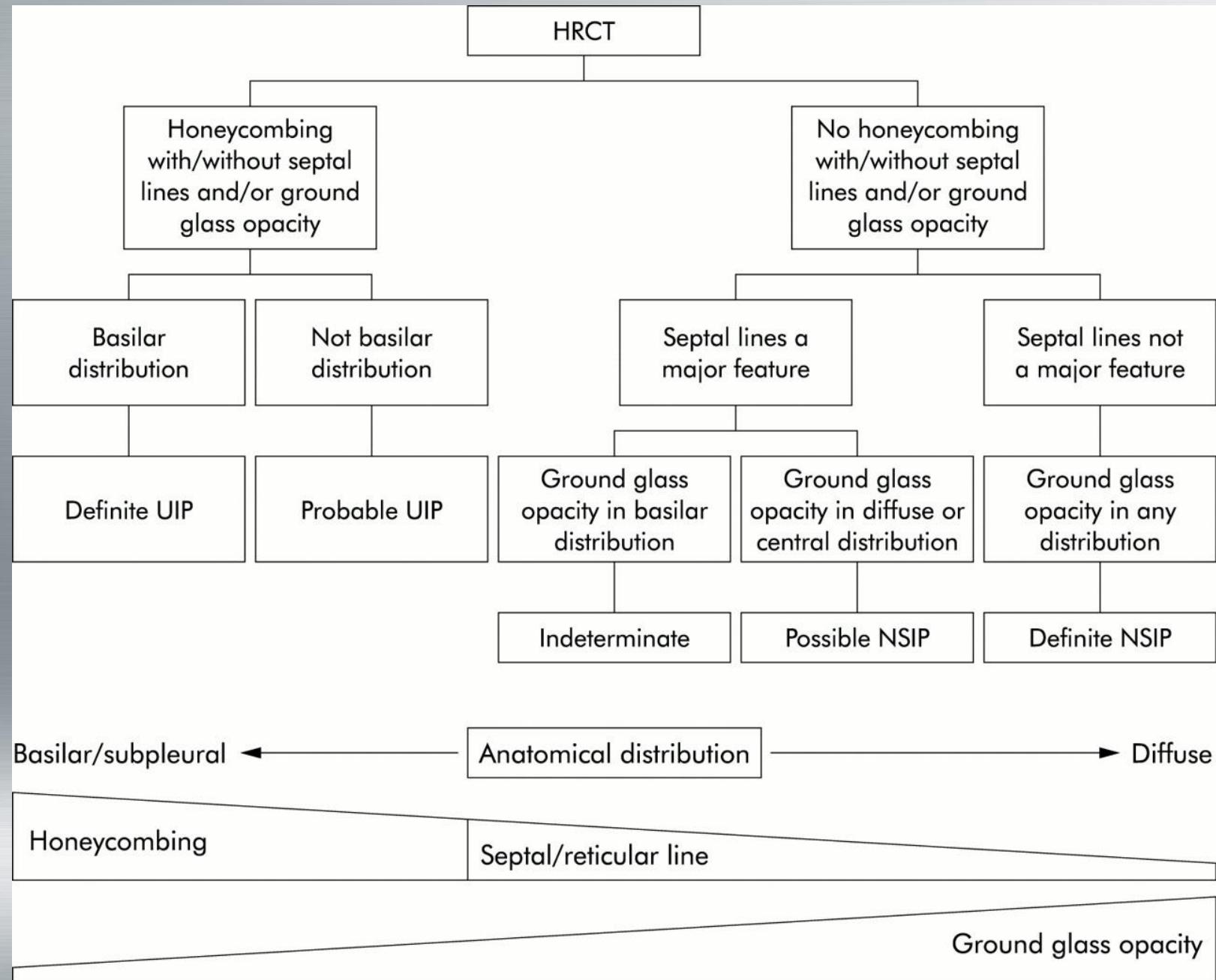


Table 2. Clinical conditions associated with UIP and NSIP patterns^[1]

UIP	NSIP
Connective tissue disease	Connective tissue disease
Drug toxicities	Drug toxicities
Occupational exposures (e.g. asbestos)	HIV infection
Chronic hypersensitivity pneumonitis	Hypersensitivity pneumonitis
Familial idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis	Idiopathic NSIP
Idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis	

UIP = usual interstitial pneumonia; NSIP = nonspecific interstitial pneumonia.



UIP vs NSIP

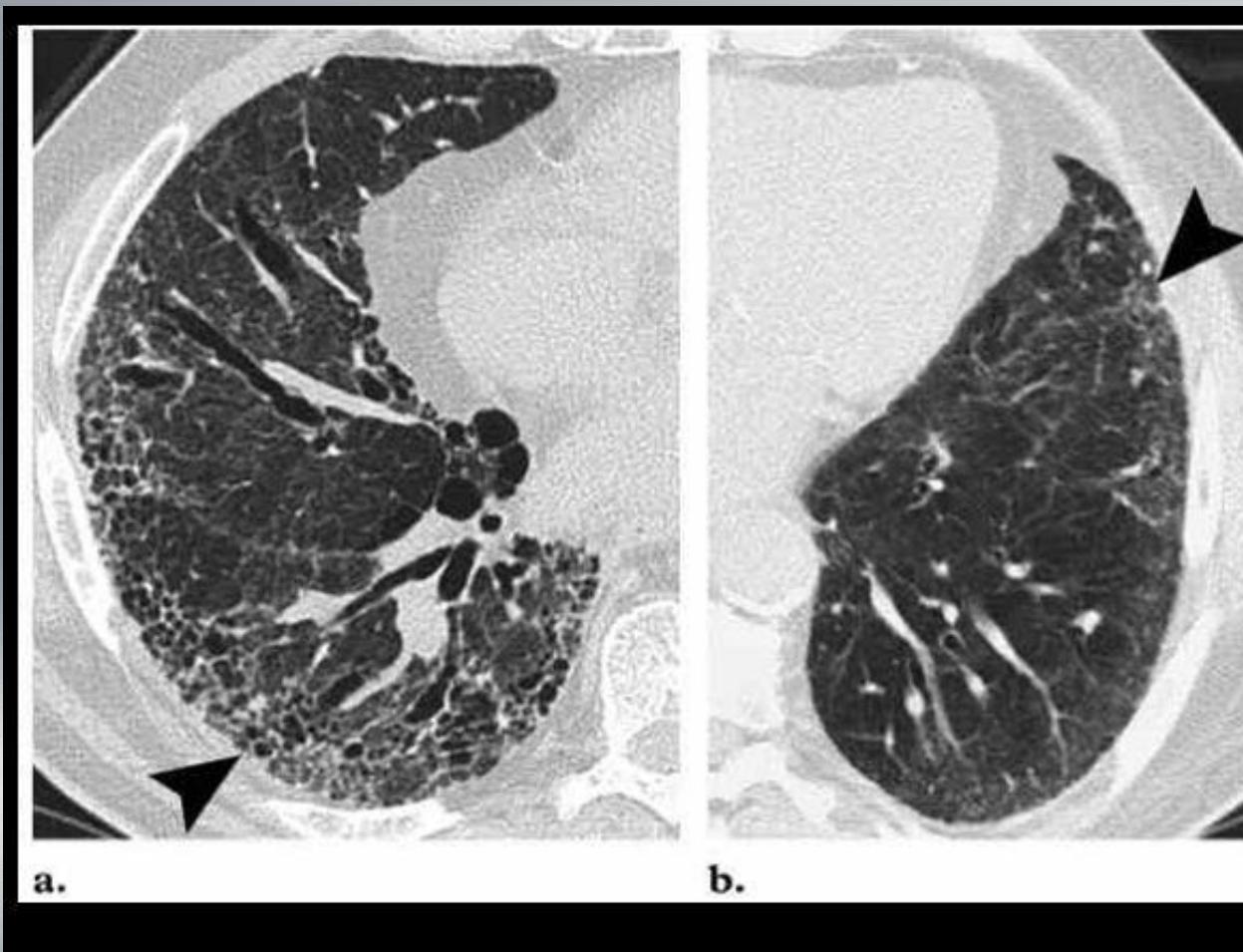
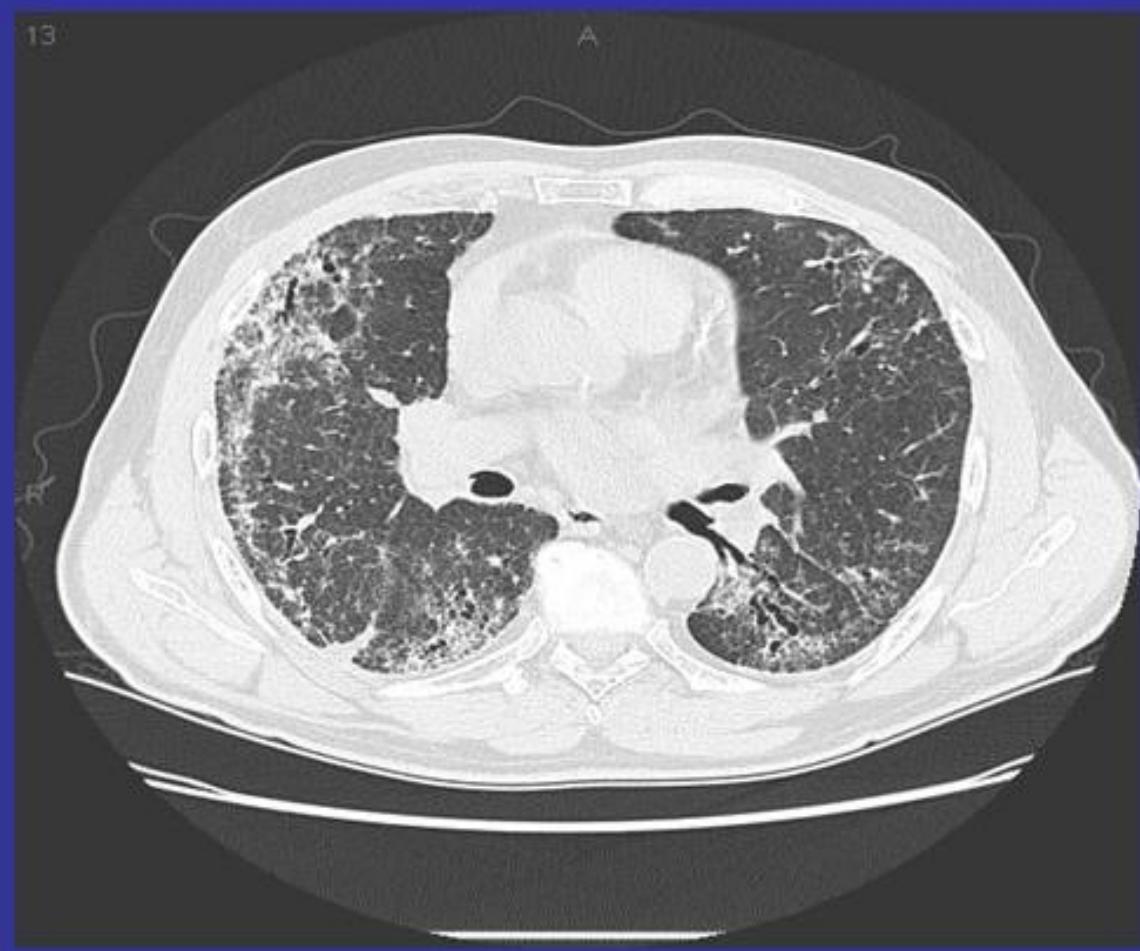


Figure 11. Comparison of high-resolution CT features between UIP and NSIP. **(a)** UIP is characterized by heterogeneous lung abnormalities consisting of subpleural honeycombing (arrowhead), reticular opacities, and traction bronchiectasis. **(b)** NSIP demonstrates homogeneous lung involvement with predominance of ground-glass opacity combined with subpleural linear opacities and micronodules. The microcysts in NSIP (arrowhead) are much smaller than the honeycombing in UIP.



NSIP



UIP